## UNDESIGNATED MEDICATION OPT-OUT REQUESTS



The safety and wellness of our students and staff is always our top priority. To further protect health and safety, each nurse's office stocks undesignated asthma medication (inhaler) of Albuterol; Epinephrine, an auto-injection pen; and Narcan, a nasal spray.

- Stock Albuterol inhaler: This medication can be used in the event of respiratory distress or asthma symptoms. Asthma is a condition in which the airways narrow, swell, and may produce extra mucus. When this occurs, it becomes difficult to breathe. This condition can range from minor to life-threatening. The "undesignated" asthma medication is allowed under Public Act 100-0726 and is not intended to replace asthma medication prescribed to someone with known asthma.
- Stock Epinephrine auto-injectors: This self-injectable medication is the first-line treatment for severe or life-threatening allergic reactions (anaphylaxis). Epinephrine is a highly effective medication that can reverse severe symptoms. However, it must be administered promptly during anaphylaxis to be most effective. Delayed use of epinephrine during an anaphylactic reaction has been associated with deaths. The "undesignated" Epinephrine auto-injector medication is allowed under Schools Public Act 97-0361. The supply of emergency epinephrine allowed under this Act is not intended to replace epinephrine prescribed to students with known allergies. Epinephrine auto-injectors will only be available for Kindergarten through 12<sup>th</sup>-grade students weighing 33 or more pounds.
- Stock Narcan nasal spray: This is used to treat opioid overdose, which occurs when the amount of opioids in the body is so great that the individual becomes unresponsive to stimuli and breathing becomes inadequate. Lack of oxygen affects vital organs, including the heart and brain, leading to unconsciousness, coma, and death. Naloxone/NARCAN® is indicated for reversing opioid overdose in the presence of respiratory depression or unresponsiveness. Access to Narcan is allowed under School Public Act Section 22-30(f) of the School Code. Maintaining a supply of undesignated opioid antagonists in the name of the District to provide or administer them as necessary at the <u>Elementary</u>, <u>Middle</u>, and <u>High school levels</u> is allowed according to State law.

School nurses or trained personnel, as defined in State law, may administer these undesignated medications to a person when they, in good faith, believe a person has a medical emergency. Each building administrator and/or their corresponding school nurse shall maintain the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law.

If you choose to exclude your child from the use of undesignated medication from the above listing, you must provide your objections in writing to the school.

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